

GARBA 177 PH

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Precipitation hardenable stainless spring wire.
For applications demanding medium fatigue properties.

GARBA 177PH is a semi-austenitic precipitation-hardenable stainless steel with high relaxation resistance at elevated temperatures and excellent fatigue properties. This material has good formability and good form stability during the precipitation hardening heat treatment and a moderate level of corrosion resistance.

CHEMISCHE ZUSAMMENSETZUNG

C (%)	Si (%)	Mn (%)	P max. (%)	S max. (%)	Cr (%)	Al (%)	Ni (%)
0,09	0,70	1,00	0,040	0,015	16,00 - 18,00	0,70 - 1,50	6,50 - 7,80

MECHANISCHE EIGENSCHAFTEN

FÜR RUNDdraHT

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Durchmesser (mm)	Toleranz (mm)	Zugfestigkeit (N/mm ²)	Zugfestigkeit nach der Wärmebehandlung von 480C 1 Std. (N/mm ²)
0,30 - 0,65	±0,005	-	-
0,66 - 1,01	±0,008	-	-
1,02 - 2,26	±0,012	-	-
2,27 - 4,01	±0,015	-	-
4,02 - 6,26	±0,020	-	-
6,27 - 8,00	±0,025	-	-
0,30 - 0,40		1925 - 2213	2225 - 2525
0,41 - 0,50		1900 - 2185	2200 - 2500
0,51 - 0,65		1850 - 2127	2150 - 2450
0,66 - 0,80		1825 - 2099	2125 - 2425
0,81 - 1,00		1800 - 2070	2100 - 2400
1,01 - 1,25		1750 - 2012	2050 - 2350
1,26 - 1,50		1700 - 1955	2000 - 2300
1,51 - 1,75		1650 - 1897	1950 - 2250
1,76 - 2,00		1600 - 1840	1900 - 2200
2,01 - 2,50		1550 - 1782	1850 - 2150
2,51 - 3,00		1500 - 1725	1800 - 2100
3,01 - 3,50		1450 - 1667	1750 - 2050
3,51 - 4,25		1400 - 1610	1700 - 2000
4,26 - 5,00		1350 - 1552	1650 - 1950
5,01 - 6,00		1300 - 1495	1550 - 1850
6,01 - 8,00		1250 - 1437	1500 - 1800

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OBERFLÄCHENBESCHAFFENHEITEN

Surface performance

AC-surface 0.30–8.00 mm Ø.

The AC-coating can be removed before heat treatment by using a 10–20% nitric acid pickle at room temperature.

PHYSIKALISCHE EIGENSCHAFTEN

E UND G ELASTIZITÄTSMODUL

Abt. 190 kN/mm² in drawn condition.

Abt. 200 kN/mm² after heat treatment.

E UND G SCHUBMODUL

Abt. 73 kN/mm² in drawn condition.

Abt. 78 kN/mm² after heat treatment.

WÄRMELEITFÄHIGKEIT

Temperature °C	20	100	300
W/(m*°C)	15.0	15.5	19.0

WIDERSTANDSFÄHIGKEIT

Temperature °C	20	100	200	300
nΩm	900	950	1000	1050

LÄNGENAUSDEHNUNG

Pro °C	<30-100	30-200	30-300
x10 ⁻⁶	13.0	13.5	14.0

SPEZIFISCHE WÄRMEKAPAZITÄT

Temperature °C	100	200
J/(kg*°C)	480	520

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STANDARDS

NÄCHSTÄHNLICHE VERGLEICHBARE STAHLGÜTEN

EN/DIN 1.4568, AISI/SAE 631, JIS SUS 631

NÄCHSTÄHNLICHE VERGLEICHBARE NORMEN

EN 10270-3, ASTM A313, AMS 5678, BS 2056 301 S81, JIS G4314

EMPFEHLUNGEN

WÄRMEBEHANDLUNG

Normal procedure for precipitation hardening is heat treatment at 480°C (896°F) for 1 hour and then air cooling. This should be done as soon as possible after spring coiling. The tensile strength of the wire before and after this treatment is given in the table in previous page.

KUGELSTRAHLEN

In order to obtain optimum fatigue properties, the process time should be adjusted to get a complete treatment. Size of shots should be adapted to wire dimension, pitch and shot peening equipment.

Shot peening of the inside of the spring coils is particularly critical.

RELAXATIONS- UND ERMÜDUNGSEIGENSCHAFTEN

In diagram 1 the fatigue properties of GARBA 177 PH is illustrated in a Goodman-diagram, based on a special test spring design.

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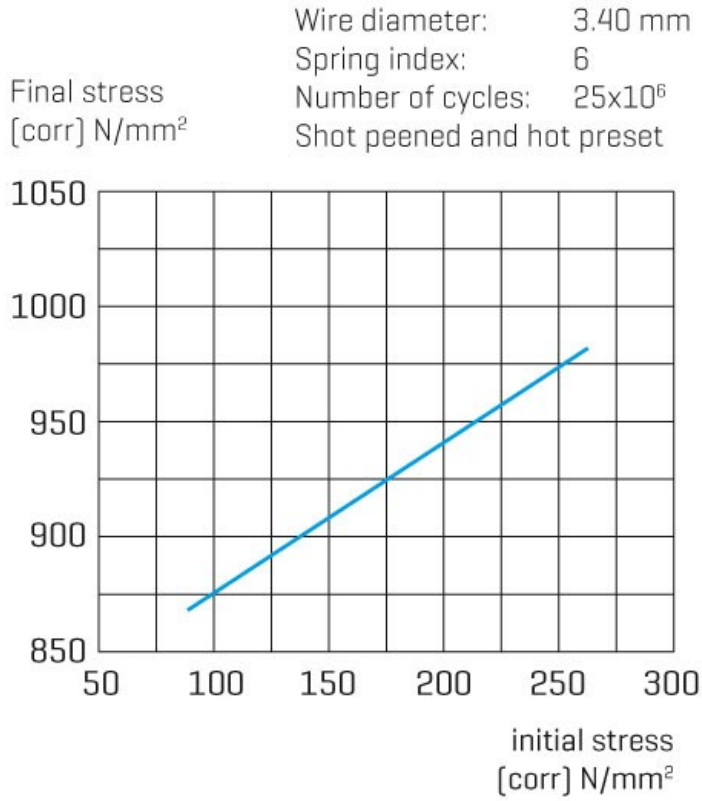
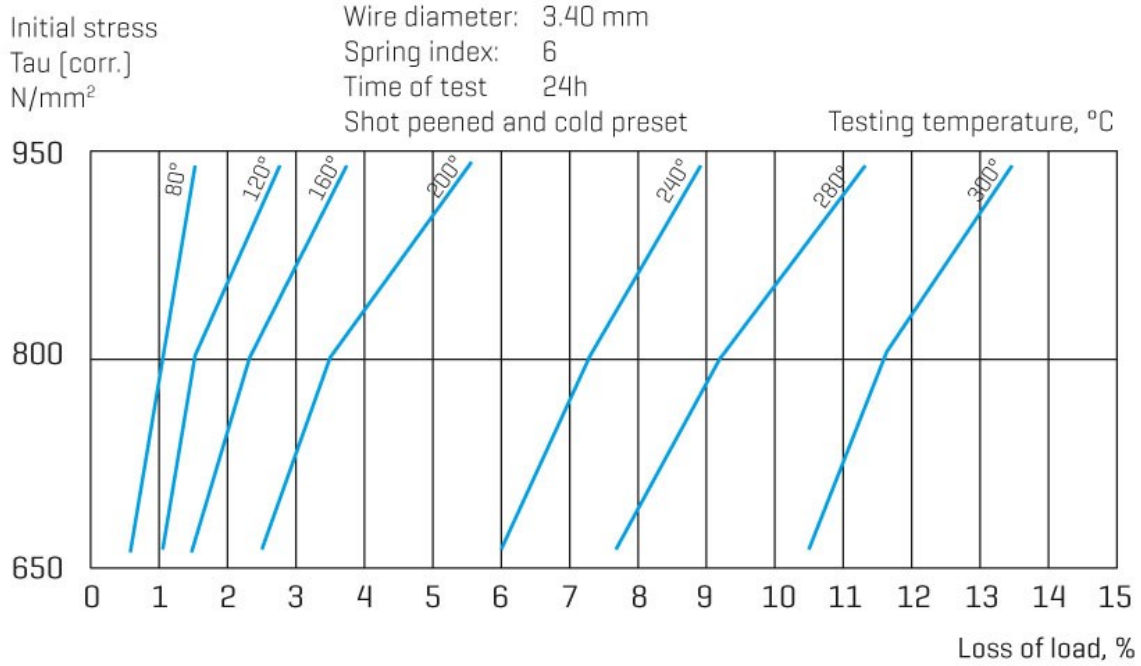


Diagram 2-3 show the relaxation properties (loss of load) of springs made from GARBA 177PH subjected to three different stress levels at different temperatures.

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